



LABELLING IN THE FOOD INDUSTRY - LABELLING | TRACK AND TRACE -

In order to protect the consumer, mandatory information on food packaging is regulated uniformly in the European Union. The information that must be provided on all food packaging includes:

- the name of the food
- the ingredients of the food, including the 14 main substances or products which cause allergies or can cause incompatibilities
- the date of minimum durability or expiry
- the net quantity
- name/company name and address of the food business
- the nutrition labelling

The basis for food labelling is the EU-FIC requirements (European Food Information for Consumers). Special mandatory information, such as the origin, exists for some foods.

COMPLIANCE MADE EASY

With the combination of the LP4 Database Manager and the LP4 List Manager module you automate the highlighting and formatting according to the EU regulation.

[Labelsplatform 4 - Label software](#)
[LP4 Compliance Modules EU-FIC-Manager](#)

FOOD LABELLING

According to the EU-FIC foodstuffs must be labelled with appropriate general and product-specific information - thus the label serves as an indispensable source of information.

[Semi- and fully automatic food labelling systems](#)
[NEW Label print and apply system](#)

SEAL LABELLING | TAMPER EVIDENT

Seal labels for food have three functions. They serve as decorative labels, as a first opening notice and transparent closure labels for resealing packaged products.

[Seal labeller | Tamper Evident labeller](#)
[Seal labels | Tamper Evident labels](#)

SUPPLY CHAIN TRACK AND TRACE

The topic of product traceability is also becoming increasingly important in the food industry. Product recalls can severely damage the image or brand of a company.

[Track and Trace - systems and machines](#)
[Track and Trace - software](#)