

# Yeast in wineries

In the process of wine making, yeast is used to convert the sugar contained within the grape juices into alcohol. At the end of this process the yeast is removed to avoid spoiling of the flavour of the wine and to leave it with a clear appearance.



#### The process of fermentation

The grapes need to be completely ripe. If this is not the case the flavour and the taste of the wine can be influenced in a bad way. Traditionally the grapes where collected in an oak vessel. More and more this old traditional barrel is being replaced by SS containers, open at the top of course.

The grapes need to stay in the vessel for at least 2 weeks. In this time period the fermentation of the grapes by also using yeast into an alcoholic mixture takes place. The alcoholic fermentation begins in the favorable conditions created by pumping over and pigeages, with the addition of yeast. And the wine mixture (juice and skins) gets its color.

The process to remove the yeast is usually performed by introducing diatomaceous earth into the fermented wine. The fine particles of diatomaceous earth attract the yeast cells to form clumps, which remain in a suspension referred to as yeast slurry. The yeast slurry is then pumped through a filter press with a Verderflex peristaltic pump, before the wine is finally stored or bottled.

### Verderflex hose pumps in the filter press

A German company manufactures a chamber filter press system that is mounted on a skid with a Verderflex VF25 industrial hose pump mounted into the unit as a standard filter press system.

From the yeast slurry storage vessel, the slurry is fed into the peristaltic pump via a 32 mm suction line made from flexible Verderflex hose to reduce pulsation. The peristaltic Verderflex pump is fitted with stainless steel sanitary connections of 32 mm, male threatened according to DIN 11851, type SC, with reducing inserts to suit the 25mm tubing. The drive of the pump is a 1.1 kW gear reducer giving a pump speed of 48 rpm, delivering 800 l/hr of product to the filter press.

On the discharge side of the filter press pump a 32mm flexible hose is used to feed the chamber filter press. On the discharge side of the peristaltic pump, it is even more important to eliminate the pulsation of the peristaltic pump, so in addition the flexible hose, an air dome has been installed. The air dome has a volume of approximately 20 liters, allowing it to absorb pulsation, but also to act as a pressurized storage tank for the filter.

The chamber filters are filled with the wine/yeast mixture slurry evenly to a pressure of 10 bar. This pressure must be maintained, but not exceeded, for effective operation. To achieve this a pressure sensor is installed on top of the air dome and is set to stop the Verderflex pump running when 10 bar pressure is registered. The pressing shoes of the pump stop rotating. At least one pressing shoes is always positioned to be fully compressing the hose, thus acting as a valve, thus maintaining the pressure in the air dome and chamber filter.

As the wine slowly flows through the filter the pressure inside the air dome reduces, until the sensor registers a pressure of 7 bar, at which point it is set to start the Verderflex pump running again. The industrial hose pump continues to stop and start in this status, maintaining an even pressure between 7 and 10 bar until the filter is completely filled with the yeast solids. At the end of a batch, when the yeast slurry feed vessel is empty, the peristaltic Verderflex pump can run dry without damage. Or, if the filter is blocked in the middle of a batch, the hose pump can then be reversed to empty the filter and air dome of yeast slurry, leaving the filter dry, so the yeast cake can be removed.

In the wineries in Germany the season is for approximately 500 running hours per unit per year.

The Verderflex hose of each peristaltic pump is used for one season only.

## Avantages and benefits of the Verderflex hose pumps

- self priming, yeast product can be taken from the storage vessel, even if this is below the filter unit
- metering capability, constant flow to the filter at increasing pressures
- no moving part in the liquid stream, only the hose in contact with the wine
- little maintenance, only the hose as wearing part
- dry running, at the end of each batch the pump runs dry without problems
- non return valves are not required as the pressing shoe close the hose completely.



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